Analyst Meeting Material of May 29, 2019 Results for FY March 2019 Outlook for FY March 2020 Mid-Term Plan March 2022

Takamatsu Construction Group Co.,Ltd.

Securities Code :1762

Asunaro Aoki Construction Co.,Ltd.

Securities Code: 1865

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Analyst Meeting Material of May 29, 2019

Takamatsu Construction Group & Asunaro Aoki Construction Co.,Ltd.

Results,	Outlook	and	Mid-Term	Plan

Agenda	Page	Time
Introduction		10:00~10:05
1. Takamatsu Construction Group		10:05~10:25
1-1. Results for FY March 2019	5 ~ 10	
1-2. Outlook for FY Mar.2020 & Mid-Term Plan	11 ~ 23	
2. Takamatsu Group		10:25~10:45
2-1. Results for FY March 2019	24 ~ 28	
2-2. Outlook for FY Mar.2020 & Mid-Term Plan	29 ~ 39	
3. Asunaro Aoki Group		10:45~11:05
3-1. Results for FY March 2019	40 ~ 63	
3-2. Outlook for FY Mar.2020	64 ~ 68	
3-3. & Mid-Term Plan	69 ~ 81	
Q&A		11:05~11:30

1-0-1. How Takamatsu Construction Group (TCG) Grew

- 1. Founded as "Takamatsu Gumi" in Osaka, grew mainly by constructing condominiums for rental purpose.
- 2. When earthquake hit Kansai Area in 1995, 108 condos built by Takamatsu Corporation were severely hit by the earthquake. None were structurally damaged, resulting in accelerated revenue afterwards.
- 3. Conducted multiple M&As after 2000, enlarged revenue and business domain.

 Grew as one of the rare construction companies in Japan that expanded through M&As.
- 4. After 2011, grew organically due to improved economy
- 5. Celebrated centenary in 2017

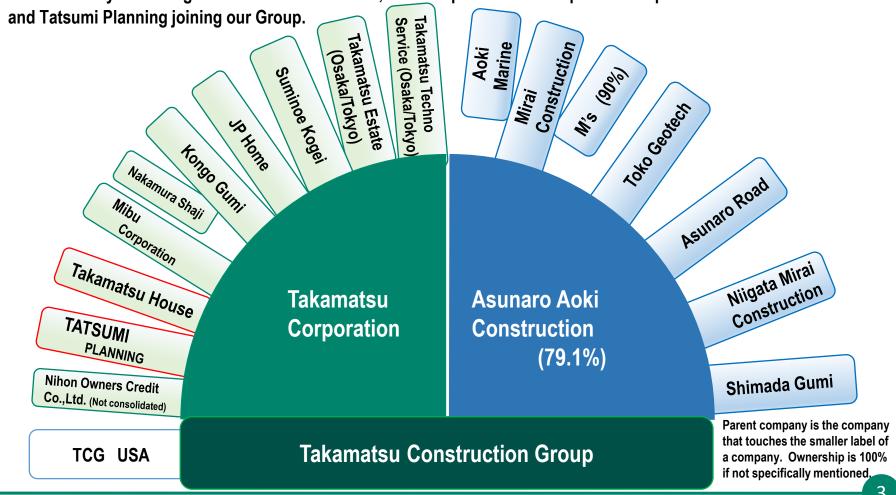


TCG Takamatsu Construction Group

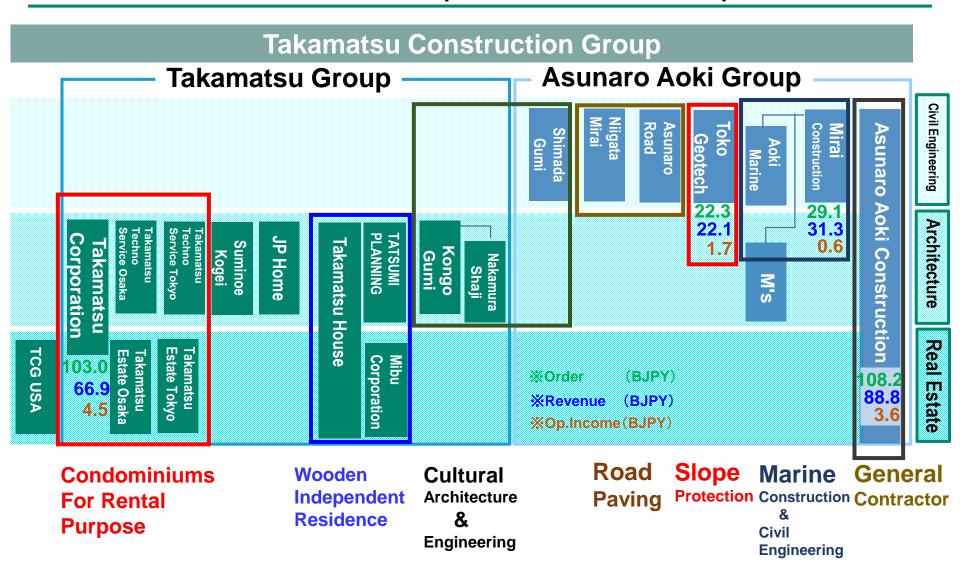
1-0-2. TCG: Our Group Companies

1. As of March, 2019, Takamatsu Construction Group is comprised of 20 Group Companies, within which 10 are Takamatsu Group Companies with Takamatsu Corporation, our founding company, as the core, 8 Asunaro Aoki Group companies with Asunaro Aoki Construction, a mid-sized general contractor as the core, and Takamatsu Construction Group Co.,Ltd., the holding company positioned as the "Platform Company", and TCG USA,Inc. (Nihon Owners Credit is not consolidated).

2. For the fiscal year ending March 2020 and onwards, the Group will be made up of 22 companies due to Takamatsu House



1-0-3. Takamatsu Construction Group: Business Domain Map



 Sum of Takamatsu Corp., Asunaro Aoki, Mirai Construction and Toko Geotech occupy 86%, 84% and 85% of orders, revenue and operating income of the Group, respectively.

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1-1. Takamatsu Construction Group Results for FY March 2019

Takamatsu Construction Group Co.,Ltd. Nobuhiko YOSHITAKE Representative Director and Director of the Board

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1-1-1. TCG Previous Records (Consolidated)

1. Orders: Record high, +19.8% vs last FY

2. Revenue: Increased for seven consecutive years and record high for

five consecutive years.

3. Operating income: △8.7% vs last FY

 \triangle 11.7% vs last FY 4. Net earnings :

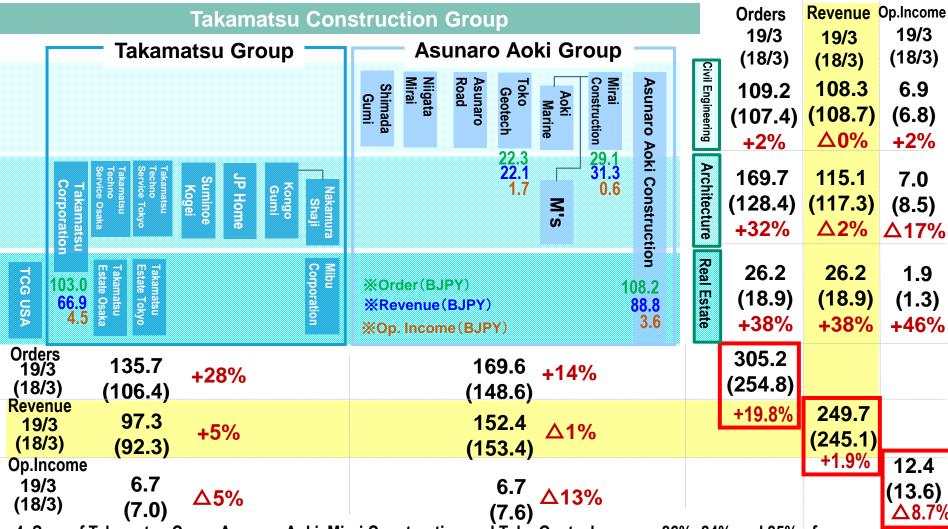
5. Orders carried forward: Increased for seven consecutive years and record high for four consecutive years.

Record High Billion JPY, rounded down at 1 digit below presented #s

И	15/3FY	16/3FY	17/3FY	18/3FY	19/	3FY
Items						%vs last FY
Orders	7 225.6	> 237.7	7 256.4	254.8	-305.2	+19.8%
Revenue	189.2	> 208.8	- 214.1	- 245.1	~ 249.7	+1.9%
Op. Income	7.1	10.4	12.9	13.6	12.4	△8.7%
(%vs revenue)	(3.8)	(5.0)	(6.0)	(5.6)	(5.0)	△ 0.7 /0
Ordinary income	7.2	10.4	12.9	13.7	12.4	△9.3%
(%vs revenue)	(3.8)	(5.0)	(6.0)	(5.6)	(5.0)	Δ3.5 70
Extraordinary gain/loss	2.0	△0.6	△0.9	Δ1.1	△0.8	•
Net earnings	- 6.3	5.7	6.5	7.9	7.0	Δ11.7%
(%vs revenue)	(3.4)	(2.8)	(3.1)	(3.2)	(2.8)	△ 11.7 /0
Dividend / share (yen)	7 27	7 34	4 3		- 60	+7.1%
Dividend Payout Ratio (%)	7 15.3	21.1	23.5	7 25.1	7 29.7	-
Orders carried forward	7 194.7	223.5	~ 265.9	7 275.6	7 331.2	+20.1%

1-1-2. TCG: By-Segment-By-Group Split (Consolidated)

- 1. Orders: 305.2 BJPY, +19.8% vs last year, increase in all three segments (Civil Engineering, Architecture, Real Estate)
- 2. Revenue : 249.7 BJPY, +1.9% vs last year. Civil Engineering: Δ0.4%, Architecture: Δ1.9%, Real Estate: +38.2%
- 3. Op.income: 12.4 BJPY, △8.7% vs last year. Civil Engineering: +1.8%, Architecture: △17.4%, Real Estate: +46.0%



4. Sum of Takamatsu Corp., Asunaro Aoki, Mirai Construction and Toko Geotech occupy 86%, 84% and 85% of orders, revenue and operating profit of the Group, respectively.

Unit: Billion yen. The sum of Op.Income of each segment doesn't match with the total due to admin costs.

1-1-3. TCG: By-Group Orders, Revenue and Op.Income (Consolidated)

【Orders】 Takamatsu Gr: 135.7 BJPY, +27.5%, Asunaro Aoki Gr: 169.6 BJPY, +14.1%

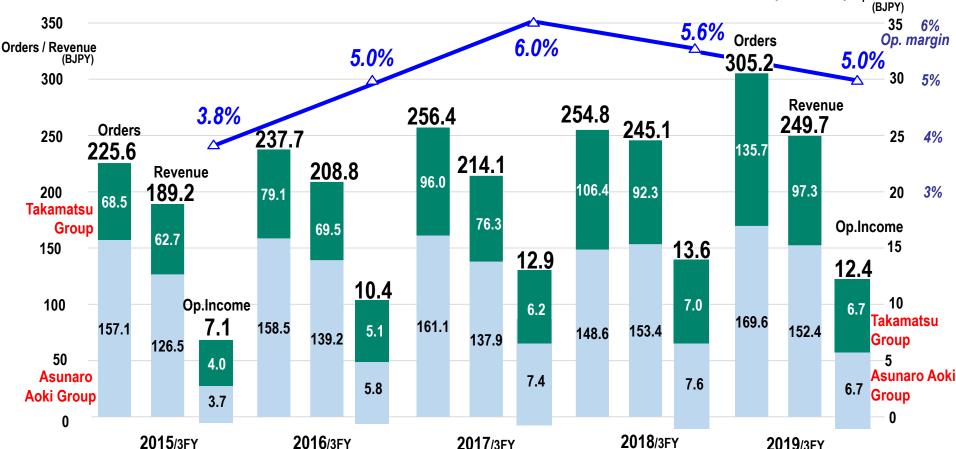
【Revenue】Takamatsu Gr: 97.3 BJPY, +5.5%, Asunaro Aoki Gr: 152.4 BJPY, △0.6%

[Op.Income] Takamatsu Gr: 6.7 BJPY % vs revenue: 6.9%

Asunaro Aoki Gr: 6.7 BJPY

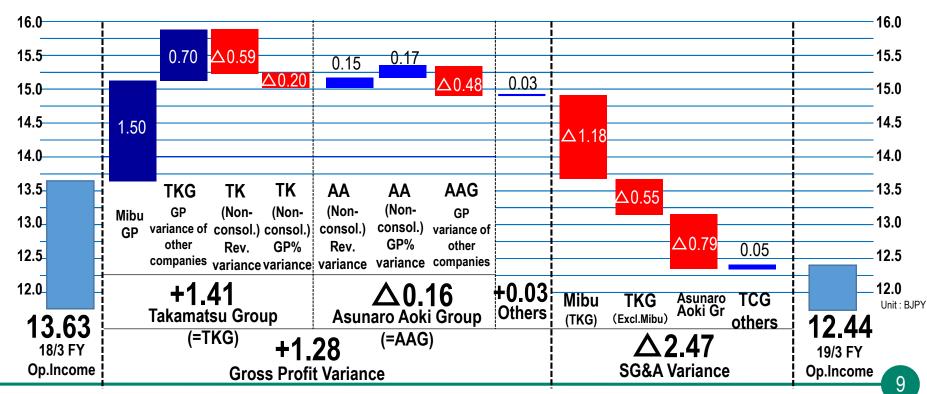
% vs revenue: 6.9%, from 7.7% (last FY)

% vs revenue: 4.4%, from 5.0% (last FY) Op.Income



1-1-4. Explanation of Changes in Operating Income (Consolidated)

- 1. Operating income was 12.44 BJPY, a decrease of 1.19 BJPY from previous year's 13.63 BJPY.
 - → Gross profit increase of 1.28 BJPY was significantly less than SG&A increased of 2.47BJPY.
- 2. Out of Takamatsu Gr.'s gross profit increase of 1.41BJPY, gross profit of Mibu Corporation, a new member of the Group, was 1.5BJPY.
- 3. Takamatsu Corporation (Non-consolidated)'s revenue and gross profit % both decreased vs last year, with greater decrease of GP (△0.59BJPY) through revenue variance caused by prolonged period before start of construction.
- 4. Asunaro Aoki Gr 's GP declined by 0.16BJPY. Revenue amount and GP% of Asunaro Aoki (Non-consolidated) increased slightly vs last year. The main reason for gross profit decrease of 0.48 BJPY of "Asunaro Aoki Gr other companies" is due to GP decrease of Mirai Construction.
- 5. SG&A increased by 2.47 BJPY vs last year.
 - → New companies of the Group, Mibu Corporation was 1.18 BJPY as well as 0.11BJPY for TCG USA. Excluding them, the increase was 1.18BJPY.
 - → Takamatsu Corporation (Non-consolidated) increased SG&A by 0.59 BJPY.
 - → Out of Asunaro Aoki Group's increased SG&A of 0.79BJPY, 0.67BJPY is due to increase of Asunaro Aoki non-consolidated .

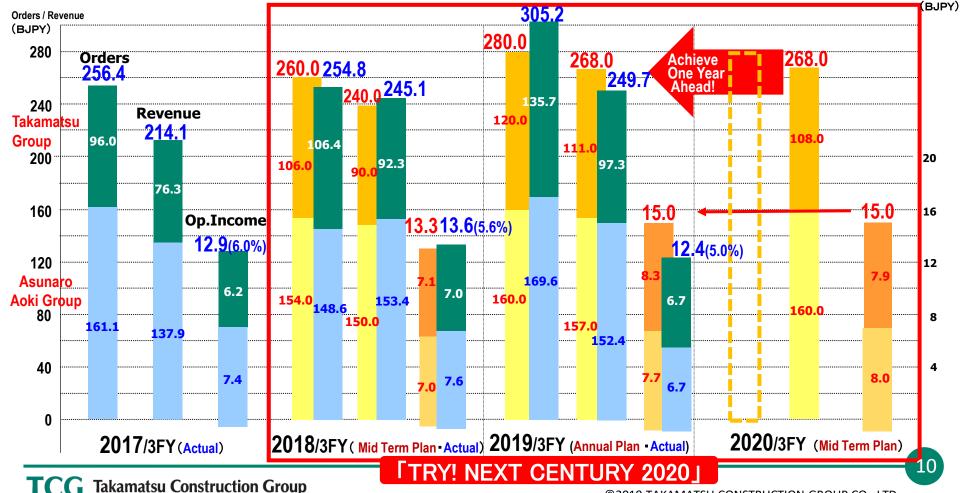


1-1-5. Summary of Previous Mid-Term Plan, and on to New-Mid Term Plan "Create! 2022"

- 1. TCG exceeded Mid-Term Plan targets for FY2018/3, and the final goal of Mid-Term Plan was set one year in advance, to be achieved in FY2019/3.
- 2. For FY2019/3, orders were strong (mainly Takamatsu Corp), and surpassed Mid-Term Plan by 25.2BJPY. On the other hand, revenue was short by 18.3BJPY due to prolonged period before construction (Takamatsu Corp.). Operating income was short by 2.6BJPY due to Takamatsu corp's revenue shortfall as well as decreased profitability of Mirai Construction projects.

Op.Income

3. Nevertheless, TCG decided to formulate a new Mid Term Plan "Create! 2022" partially because the new Presidents took office in Takamatsu Corporation and Asunaro Aoki Construction.



Op.Income #s inside bars do not match with the total due to admin (TCG unconsolidated) costs. © 2019 TAKAMATSU CONSTRUCTION GROUP CO., LTD.

1-2. Takamatsu Construction Group Outlook for FY March 2020 Mid-Term Plan FY March 2022

Takamatsu Construction Group Co.,Ltd. Nobuhiko YOSHITAKE Representative Director and Director of the Board

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1-2-1. Our Market Environment Recognition towards March 2022 and New Mid-Term Plan "Create! 2022"

Market environment does not allow optimistic views...

Positive Factors

- We foresee domestic construction investment exceeding 50 trillion yen level for next three years.
- We foresee high level of household #s to be maintained in Tokyo-Nagoya-Osaka Areas.
- We foresee continued tight market for real estate utilization business of Tokyo-Nagoya-Osaka Areas. We also foresee more growth of non-condominium buildings in comparison to condominiums for rental purpose.

Negative Factors

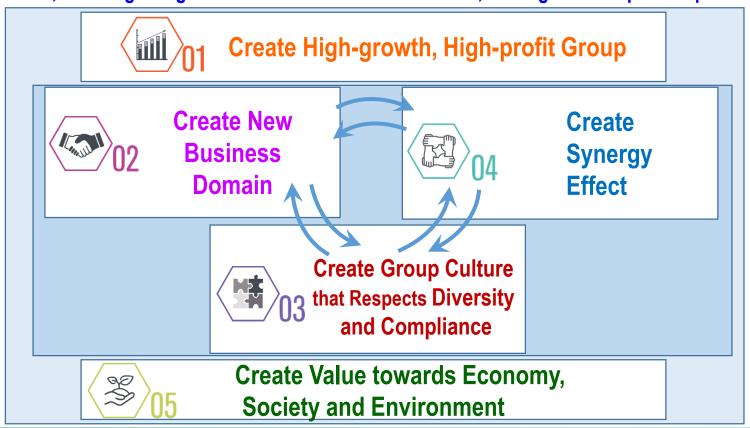
- Domestic construction investment will start to shrink after 2022 which is our final year of Mid-Term Plan. Population decrease will also accelerate.
- Decrease of overall construction start-ups
- Prolonged time before start of construction in urban areas.
- There is risk of rapid decline of market for condominiums for rental purpose due to interest rate hike.

Nevertheless, Takamatsu Construction Group will continue to grow with five pillars of "Create"!



1-2-2. "Create! 2022": The Five "Creates"

- 1. Takamatsu Corporation continues to be the main engine to realize "High-growth", while all Group companies strive to realize "High profit".
- 2. To realize the above, "Create Group Culture that Respects Diversity and Compliance" will be continued, while maximizing "Creation of Synergy Effect" in the Group and "Create New Business Domain" mainly by conducting M&As.
- 3. Through the above, "Create Value towards Economy, Society and Environment" will be continued.
 - ⇒To realize sustainable growth, quality of design, construction and maintenance after construction will be secured, resulting in higher customer trust and satisfaction, leading into sharper competitive edge.



1-2-3.

Create High-growth, High-profit Group

10 Yrs.Later

(FY29/3)

Continue growth and achieve Group revenue of450BJPY (Excl.M&A)
(Rev. growth 6.1%/yr vs FY19/3)

Takamatsu Group
Real estate utilization business
260BJPY

Asunaro Aoki Gr. Architecture & Civil Engi. 190BJPY

3 Yrs.Later

(FY22/3)

Achieve Group revenue of 300BJPY, Op. Income 18BJPY

(Rev. growth 6.3%/yr vs FY19/3, Op.Income 13.1%/yr vs FY19/3)

Revenue 140BJPY Op.Income 11BJPY

Revenue 160BJPY Op.Income 8BJPY

Need to improve...

Response to non-condo construction Respond to material scarcity

Productivity UP
By-project profit UP

What Continues is...

Tight orders continue, further growth in non-condominiums leading into high growth of Takamatsu Group

For Asunaro Aoki, continue stable growth

Business Environ ment Real estate utilization business in Tokyo-Osaka-Nagoya Areas continues to be tight.

Domestic construction market starts to shrink after 2022

Vision

Continued growth is important mission. TCG will sharpen competitiveness through quality and trust of design, construction and maintenance.

Continue revenue growth of more than 6% per year, recapture operating margin of 6%, and be counted as one of the large size contractors in 10 years.

Takamatsu Group

- Continue high growth in central Tokyo-Osaka-Nagoya where demand remains tight, with focus on non-condominiums.
- Need to note on...
- **1)Smooth handling of non-condos**
- 2 Avoid prolonged construction period

Asunaro Aoki Group

- Continue stable growth.
- Need to to raise profitability through productivity increase and by-project profitability monitoring and control.

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Create New Business Domain

M&A

Overseas

10

Yrs.Later (FY29/3)

Revenue • • • 90BJPY/yr.

- M&A candidate search to be conducted in wider fields
- Civil engineering, renewal,
 PFI, PPP, productivity ✓, etc.

Yrs.Later (FY22/3)

 M&A candidate search to be conducted in vicinity of Takamatsu Corp's business
 '19/4→TATSUMI PLANNING Co.,Ltd.
 '20/4→●●

How?

 Plan to realize more than one M&A per year, and invest 50BJPY in 10 years
 '18/4→Mibu Corporation Co.,Ltd

Why Expand?

- -TCG grew through M&A
- Currently studying50 candidates / year

Revenue - - 10BJPY/yr

 Expand business to other countries/regions

TCG USA

 Complete business plan and start profitable business model

- '17/10 Founded TCG USA
- Purchased 2 items in NY
- Studying business model and focus area

 To study and test whether Takamatsu model can be exported overseas

Vision

- Aggressively conduct M&A and overseas expansion to further accelerate growth. Aim to increase revenue of 100BJPY/yr 10 years ahead, while adding more "uniqueness" to the Group.
- Enter into wooden independent residence market with Takamatsu House as the core.

M&A

- Search candidates mainly in the vicinity of Takamatsu Corp business domain.
- Also look into vertical and horizontal expansion.

Overseas

- Set up profitable business model in New York, USA.
- Use the model and conduct M&A for further expansion.

Diversity

Diversity among Group Companies

TCG will respect diversity, and expand through M&A while accepting new cultures in the future as well,

TCG has grown by individual Group companies organically expanding their business domains, strengths and corporate cultures.

TCG already owns corporate culture and evaluation system that respects diversity and independence of Group companies with varied foundations, growth and business domains.

TCG is one of the rare construction companies in Japan that expanded through multiple M&As.

Diversity among Employees

Promote Work Style Innovation

Promote Women Workforce

Promote Senior Workforce

Basic Thinking

TCG believes diversity is the foundation of growth, change and innovation. We will optimize our Group strength while asking each Group companies to enhance their capability and presence in their business domains. At the same time, we will also respect the diversity of our employees, and aim to realize the Group in which individual employee can fully project their varied individual strength.

Compliance

One of our Management Credo is "to refuse to overly prioritize profitability, and never use improper or fraudulent methods nor seek speculative profits". We have faithfully kept this Credo for a long time and sincerely believe this is the key to maintain good relationship with our customers for generations. We will live with this Credo in the future through employee training and daily activities.

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04 Create Synergy Effect

Synergy Effect

Measures & Examples

Revenue

- ■JV among Group Companies
 - → Logistics Center (Takamatsu and Asunaro Aoki)
- Joint sales activities (Takamatsu and Kongo Gumi)
- Higher rate of renovation and administration of Takamatsu-built condos (Takamatsu Estate and Takamatsu Techno Service)

Gross Profit **/**

- ■Integrated purchasing of materials
- Share construction know-hows

Efficiency

(Cost

)

- Unify personnel policies (Recruiting, promotion and evaluation)
- Promote personnel exchange
- Integrate administration methods

Technology 7

■ Collaborative research and result sharing at TCG Institute of Technology at Tsukuba

(Example: "TAS (Takamatsu Asunaro-Aoki Support) Method" for quick form-timbering removal, Long Span methods, etc.)

- 1. In parallel with diversity and independence, generation of further synergy effect among Group companies is very important.
- 2. The current level of synergy generation is far from sufficient.
- 3. To prepare for economical downturn, measures listed in the chart will be conducted.
- 4. When integrating policies and procedures, need to take cautious steps not to damage work procedures and characters of each company.



1Create Value towards Economy, Society and Environment

- 1. TCG will tackle seriously with SDGs to enable our long term growth.
- 2. Currently, 25% of our revenue is clearly contributing to SDGs Goals.
- 3. TCG will strive to maintain and enlarge the ratio during "Create! 2022" period and onwards.

SDGs Contribution Revenue

<u>20</u>	Gs Contribution Revenue			(Unit : Billion	1 JPY)	
Item		Definition	Revenue			
	iteiii	Deminion	FY March 19 %	FY March 22	2 %	
E	Contribution to Environment Reservation 1 Promote renewable energy 2 Ecological materials and methods	Civil engineering revenue directly linked to renewable energy Construction revenue using ecological materials and methods	12.4 5%	16.2	5%	
S	Contribute to Sustainable Cities and Communities 1 Present safe and long life residence 2 Sustain safe, comfortable & high quality living standard 3 Succeed traditional architecture culture 4 Provide living support for senior citizens	Architectures with its strength exceeding Buildings Standards Act by more than 15% Large scale reform and maintenance of condominiums, etc. Architecture of shrines and temples, preservation of archaeological resources Provide elderly housing with service	51.1 20%	78.0	26%	
	Group Revenue Contributing to Environm	ent Reservation and Society	63.5 (25%)	94.2	31%	
	TCG Total Revenue		249.7 100%	300.0 1	100%	

/Unit Dillian IDV\



2 Create Value towards Economy, Society and Environment

- 4. Promotion of women workforce to be tackled by all TCG with the goal to raise female workforce ratio to 17%.
- 5. Work Style Innovation will also be tackled by all TCG, but goals will be set on "by-company" basis.
- 6. Strengthening governance will focus on "strategic review of internal audit" and "enhance training programs"

Item		FY March 19	FY March 22
S Promote Women Workforce ① % of Female Workforce ② % of Female New Graduates Hired		15% 25%	17% 30%
Item			to Tackle
	Promote Work Style Innovation		

	8 報告がいる 経済成長6
S	3 すべての人に 健康と福祉を

Promote work Style innovation

- 1 Shut-down days target Takamatsu Corp. 8 days in 4 weeks
- 2 Shut-down days target Asunaro Aoki 8 days in 4 weeks

Promote usage of ICT equipments at sites

- Promote adoption of efficient construction procedure
- Gain understanding from clients to set construction terms including targeted shut-down days
- Gain understanding and cooperation from our cooperating companies



G

Strengthen Governance and Compliance

- (1) Strengthen management monitoring
- 2 Increase transparency of management
- 3 Improve ethical thinking and sense of social mission

- 1-1. Strengthen co-working with Board of Audit, Internal Audit Team and CPA firms and and increase manpower
- 2)-1. Enhance information flow towards external board members

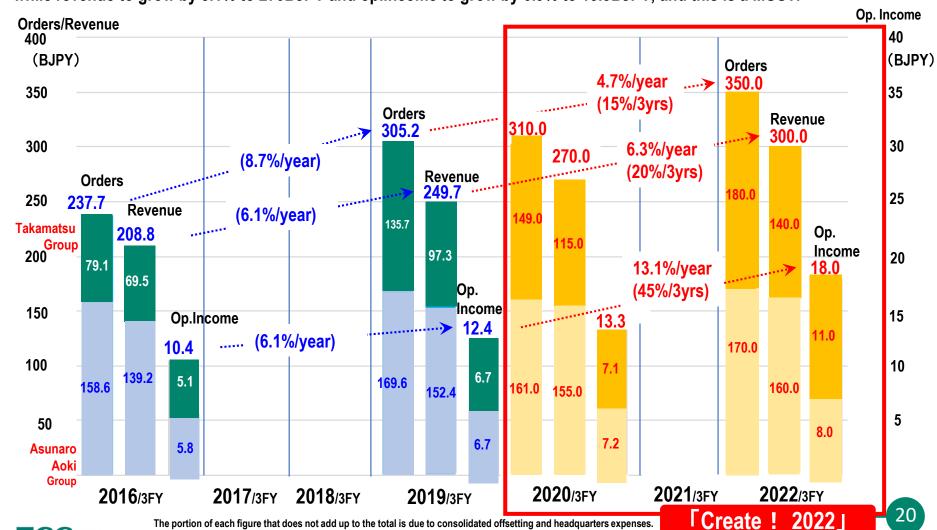
and auditors

- 2-2. Enhance information providing meetings to outside stakeholders
- 3-1. Enhance training program contents and volume to directors and senior employees

1-2-4. Target Figures of New Mid-Term Plan "Create! 2022"

Takamatsu Construction Group

- 1. Orders: 350BJPY, 15% growth during 3 years. Takamastu Group to grow by 33% while small growth for Asunaro Aoki Group.
- 2. Revenue: 300BJPY, 20% growth during 3 years. Takamastu Group to grow by 44% while 5% growth for Asunaro Aoki Group.
- 3. Op. Income: 18BJPY, +45% during 3 years. Takamatsu Gr. to increase from 6.7→11BJPY, Asunaro Aoki Gr. 6.7→8.0BJPY.
- 4. Concerning FY 2020/3, order growth is set at a mild growth to 310BJPY due to abundant carryover orders of FY2019/3, while revenue to grow by 8.1% to 270BJPY and op.income to grow by 6.9% to 13.3BJPY, and this is a MUST.



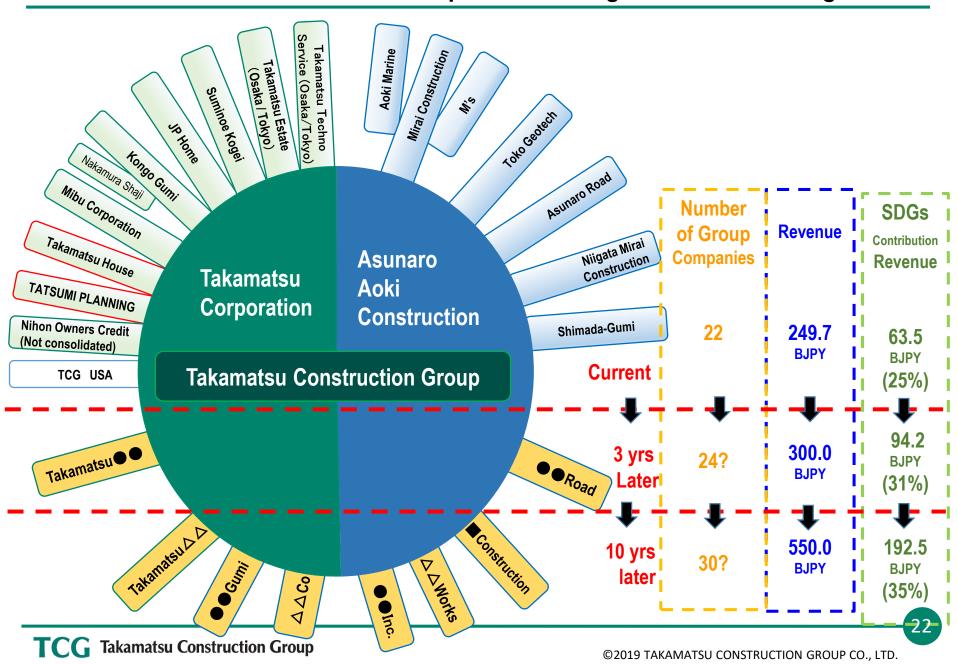
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1-2-5. FY March 2020 and New Mid-Term Plan "Create! 2022"

- 1. Aggressive recruiting of new graduates will continue to lead into continuous growth.
- 2. Operating income per employee will remain at the same level for FY March 2020 vs last year, but will turnaround afterwards and be back at previous high level in FY March 2022 (final year of Mid Term Plan).
- 3. ROE for FY March 2020 will also remain last year's level, but aims to reach 9.0% in FY March 2022.
- 4. Dividend payout ratio hiked to 29.7% from the previous target of 25% in FY 2019/3. This 30% level will be maintained in future years.

ltem		2017/3	2018/3	2019/3	2020/3		202	2/3	
		Actual	Actual	Actual	Target		Target	Change vs 19/3	
Darsannal	Number of employees	Headcount	3,372	3,577	3,915	4,200		4,800	22.6%
Personnel	New graduates hired	Headcount	161	178	238	218		256	7.6%
Productivity	Op. income per employee	MJPY	3.8	3.8	3.2	3.2		3.8	18.0%
	ROE	%	7.0	8.1	6.9	6.9		9.0	+2.1p
Efficiency	Net earnings per share (excluding treasury stock)	JPY	183	223	202	_ 210		- 310	53.5%
Doturn	Dividend payout ratio	%	23.5	25.1	29.7	30.0)	30.0	
Return	Dividend per share	JPY	43	56	60	63		93	55.0%

1-2-6. Takamatsu Construction Group: Mid to Long Term Growth Image



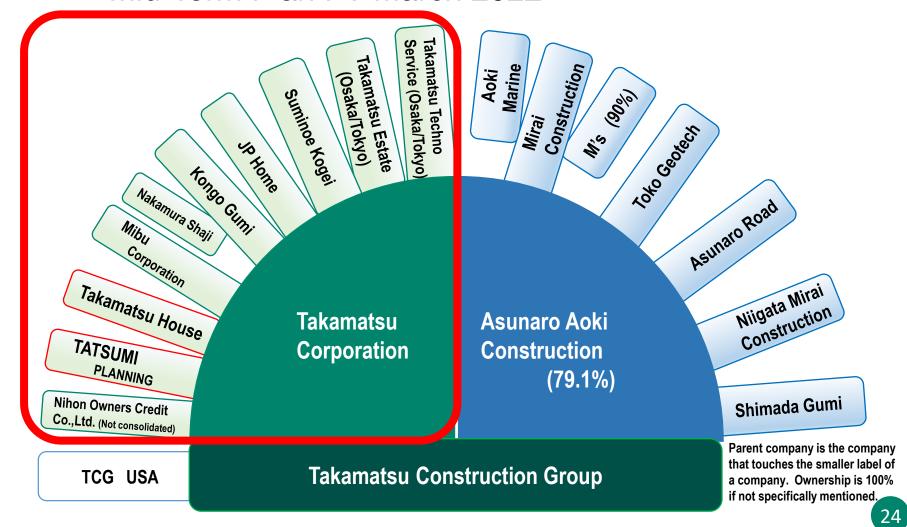
1-2-7. Takamatsu Construction Group: 3 Years and 10 Years Later



Founded as "Takamatsu Gumi" in Osaka

* Number of Group companies and revenue as of March 31 of the year (Consolidated).

2. Takamatsu Corporation Results for FY March 2019 Outlook for FY March 2020 Mid-Term Plan FY March 2022



2-1. Takamatsu Group Results for FY March 2019

Takamatsu Corporation Co.,Ltd. Takatoshi TAKAMATSU Representative Director and Director of the Board

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2-1-1. Takamatsu Corporation: Major Completed Architectures (Unconsolidated)





2-1-2. Takamatsu Corporation : FY March 2019 (Unconsolidated)

[Theme for FY March 2019]

First Step towards next Century "Achieve 100BJPY Order towards New Growth Strategy"



<Keywords> Inspect-Improve-Innovate

(Unit:	BJPY	")
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Review & Results			Actual	FY March 2019		
1		FY Mar.'16	FY Mar.'17	FY Mar.'18	Actual	Plan
Ordoro		56.7	74.9	84.8	103.0	100.0
Orders	% vs last year		32.1%	13.2%	21.5%	17.9%
Davanua		48.3	54.3	70.2	66.9	80.0
Revenue	% vs last year		12.5%	29.1%	△4.6%	14.0%
		9.6	11.6	13.6	12.8	14.5
Gross Profit	% vs last year		20.6%	17.3%	∆5.9%	6.6%
	(GP %)	(19.9%)	(21.3%)	(19.4%)	(19.1%)	(18.1%)
		3.9	4.9	5.9	4.5	6.5
Op. Income	% vs last year		26.2%	20.2%	△23.5%	10.2%
	(Op.Income%)	(8.1%)	(9.1%)	(8.4%)	(6.8%)	(8.1%)
Headcount, Er	nd of FY	952	1,060	1,159	1,327	1,323

2-1-3. Takamatsu Corporation : FY March 2019 (Unconsolidated)

Review & Results





[Strategy towards Growth]

- Recruiting: Hired more than 100 new graduates (Headcount as of March end, 2019=1,327)
- New Business Fields: Acquired first PFI (Project Finance Initiative) business order (Citizen's Total Interaction Center, Kusatsu, Gunma)

Multiple business talks proceeding with real estate owned by customers

[Strategy towards Profitability Improvement]

- Decreased revenue and profit due to longer time required to start and complete the construction, caused by larger orders.
- Experienced temporary margin decrease due to large scale recruiting conducted as an investment for the future.

[Strategy towards Strengthening Management Structure]

• IT Enhancement : Started study of structural information system, purchasing & ordering system, new accounting system.

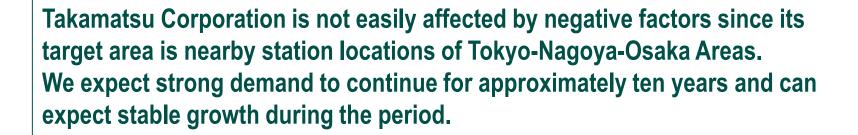
2-2. Takamatsu Group Outlook for FY March 2020 Mid-Term Plan for FY March 2022

Takamatsu Corporation Co.,Ltd. Takatoshi TAKAMATSU Representative Director and Director of the Board

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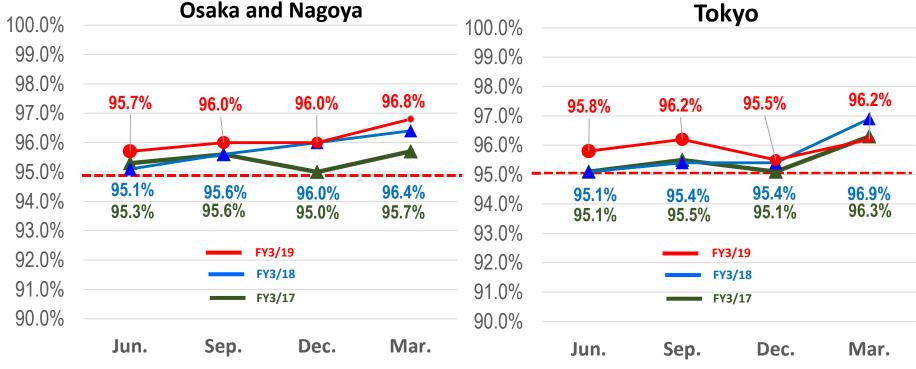
2-2-1. Takamatsu Group: Market Environment Recognition and Issues

Positive Negative Population of central portion of Tokyo (ward-section) still Future decrease of households growing, peaking in 2035 Decrease of residence construction Increase of one-person household = Increase of demand Price hike due to demand increase caused by Tokyo for condos for rental purpose **Olympics** Increased need for inheritance tax countermeasures due to · Price hike due to demand increase caused by Osaka increase of senior citizens **EXPO** Shift of population from suburban area to urban area Increase of competitors (From suburban individual residence to urban condominiums) Tight market due to Tokyo Olympic Tight market due to Osaka EXPO Tight market for condos for rental purpose to continue Increase of renewal constructions



2-2-2. Occupancy Rate of Condominiums Built by Takamatsu Corp.

- 1. Occupancy rate is continuing to show above 95% for both Tokyo and Osaka+Nagoya for March 2019.
- 2. We believe rental condominium market is continuing to be tight for Tokyo and Osaka+Nagoya.
- 3. Although there are views that occupancy rate will drop for Tokyo, Osaka and Nagoya, we believe demand towards Takamatsu Corp. is remote from this view since Takamatsu Corp. concentrates in near-station locations of the three cities.



Definition:

"Osaka and Nagoya" = Osaka, Kyoto and Hyogo Prefectures plus Nagoya City.

"Tokyo"

= Tokyo, Kanagawa, Saitama and Chiba Prefectures

"Occupancy Rate"

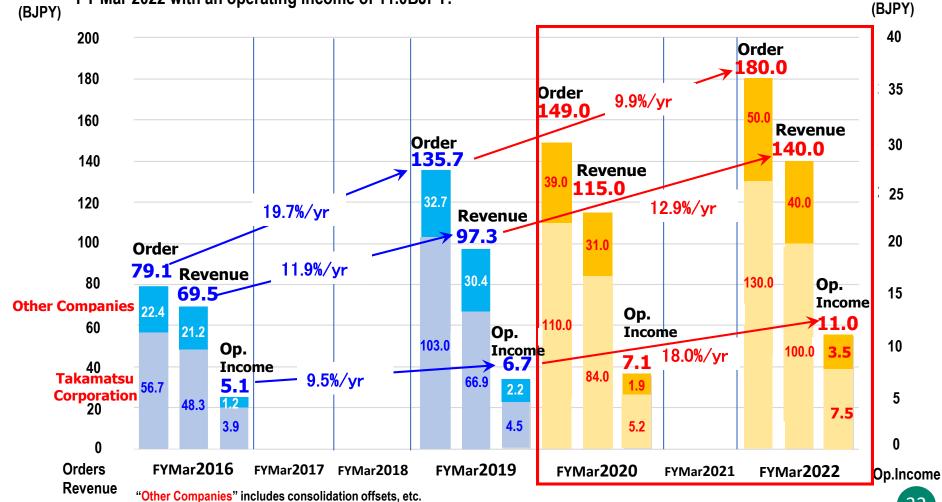
= (Number of <u>occupied condo apartments</u> built by Takamatsu Corp and managed by Takamatsu Estate at the end of each quarter) divided by (Number of <u>condo apartments</u> built by Takamatsu Corp and managed by Takamatsu Estate at the end of each quarter



2-2-3. Takamatsu Group: Quantitative Targets of Mid Term Plan

- 1. Orders: Expects growth of 9.9% per year.
- 2. Revenue: Expects growth of 12.9% per year.

3. Operating Income %: Although operating income raised to 6.7BJPY in FY Mar 2019, operating income % decreased from 7.4% of FY March 2016 to 6.9% of FY March 2019. However, the margin expects to come back to 7.9% in FY Mar 2022 with an operating income of 11.0BJPY.



2-2-4. Takamatsu Corporation: Mid Term Plan Strategy (Unconsolidated)

Mid Term Plan Principle

Set Up Sound Base for Stable Growth

1 Growth Strategy

- 2 Profitability Improvement Strategy
- 3 Strengthen Management Structure Strategy

Residential

Nonresidential residential (Existing domain)

Non-(New domain) **Improve** cost efficiency towards new domain

Thorough cost reduction of condo construction

Maximize organization strength with cross functional response

Thorough risk control

2-2-5. Takamatsu Corporation : Mid Term Plan Strategy (Unconsolidated)

Takamatsu Corporation : Strategy and Measures ①

1) Growth Strategy	<measures></measures>
Residential Increase orders in Tokyo, Nagoya & Osaka In addition to C&C (Consult & Construct), increase cost competitiveness	 Acquire competitor share by leveraging cost competitiveness Enhance sales capability in urban areas and acquire more re-build orders
Non-residential (Existing domain) Increase large scale orders Strengthen consulting, designing and constructing capabilities on by-use basis (Storage, Clinics, Offices) 	 Establish sales method to corporate customers by twisting established sales method towards individual customers. Train employees to acquire structural design and facility study knowledge to lead into superior sales capability of steel frame buildings.
Non-residential (New domain) - Aggressively expand into Proposals / PFI fields - Further increase real estate sales / purchase - Enter / conduct M&A to sightseeing related business (eg. Hotels)	Establish sales scheme of PFI projects, as well as establish sales force specializing in government orders.
<focus area=""></focus>	☑ Acquire PFI projects to accumulate know-hows
☑ Expand non-residential buildings with focused target uses	☑ Conduct strategical reals estate purchasing
☑ Increase share with cost competitiveness	☑ Construct hotels to respond towards increasing in-bound demands

2-2-6. Takamatsu Corporation : Mid Term Plan Strategy (Unconsolidated)

Takamatsu Corporation : Strategy and Measures 2

2) Profitability Improvement Strategy	<measures></measures>
Thorough cost reduction towards condos and non-residential buildings	 Establish firm relationship with design offices Develop and apply new building procedures (eg. BIM, Long-span, etc.)
3) Strengthen Management Structure Strategy	<measures></measures>
 Maximize organization strength with cross functional response Thorough risk control 	 Cross functional cooperation between technology & development departments and product planning departments. Control various risks that grow in accordance with business expansion (labor, legal, inspection, compliance, personnel training, etc.)

2-2-7. Takamatsu Group Companies: Mid Term Plan Strategies



Takamatsu Techno Service

Tokyo: Mid term Plan Principle

Proceed from physical satisfaction to internal satisfaction

<Keywords>

Strengthen responsiveness (Speed, Proposal, Quality, Cost)

Osaka: Mid term Plan Principle

Proceed towards specialized company of large scale rennovation

<Keywords>

Improve 3 capabilities: Proposal, Technology and Sales

<Measures>

Enhance large scale renovation, repairs and conversion capabilities

Aggressively participate in large scale bids and condos in addition to Takamatsu Corp. buildings



Takamatsu Estate

Tokyo: Mid term Plan Principle

Enhance growth by maximizing synergy with other TCG companies

<Keywords>

Increase number of apartments in charge, improve satisfaction level of both real estate owners and residents

Osaka: Mid term Plan Principle

Increase number of apartments in charge

<Keywords>

Innovate organization to contribute to all stakeholders

<Measures>

Enhance service towards reals estate owners and residents

Other Group Companies

Suminoe Kogei

□ Promote its quality and technology, establish position as high end interior construction company

Takamatsu House / Mibu Corporation

□ Start up wooden independentl residence business □ Further enhance brand power

☐ Realize stable growth of real estate intermediary business



Kongo Gumi / Nakamura Shaji

2-2-8. Foundation of Takamatsu House and M&A of TATSUMI PLANNING

Takamatsu House and Tatsumi Planning, together with Mibu Corporation that joined our Group in April 2018, will concentrate in independent house construction.

We develop this new line of business to be the third pillar of business following Takamatsu Corp. and Asunaro Aoki.

■ Takamatsu House Co.,Ltd.

Established: Apr. 2019

Business: Wooden independent residence business,

planning and administration of real estate

■ TATSUMI PLANNING Co., Ltd.

Group Participation: May 2019

Established: May 2019



TATSUMI PLANNING Headquarters



Residence designed and constructed by TATSUMI PLANNING

(Planned to be established on May 31 as the result of corporate split from the former

TATSUMI PLANNING Co., Ltd. owned by Rizap Group)

Business: Design and construction of wooden independent residence and rennovation

Both companies will be consolidated to our Group for fiscal year ending March 2020, and will contribute to the increased order and revenue.



2-2-9. Takamatsu Corporation : Orders and Outlook (Unconsolidated)

FY Mar.2020 Targets

• Order : 110.0BJPY

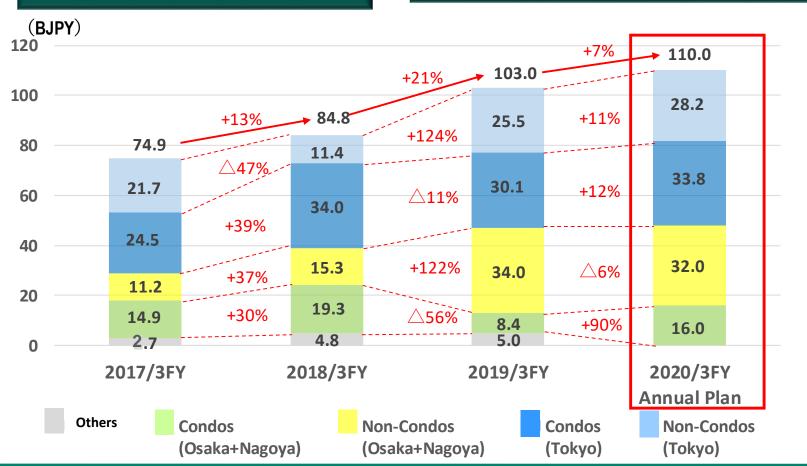
• Revenue: 84.0BJPY

• Op.Income: 5.2BJPY

Order Break-down

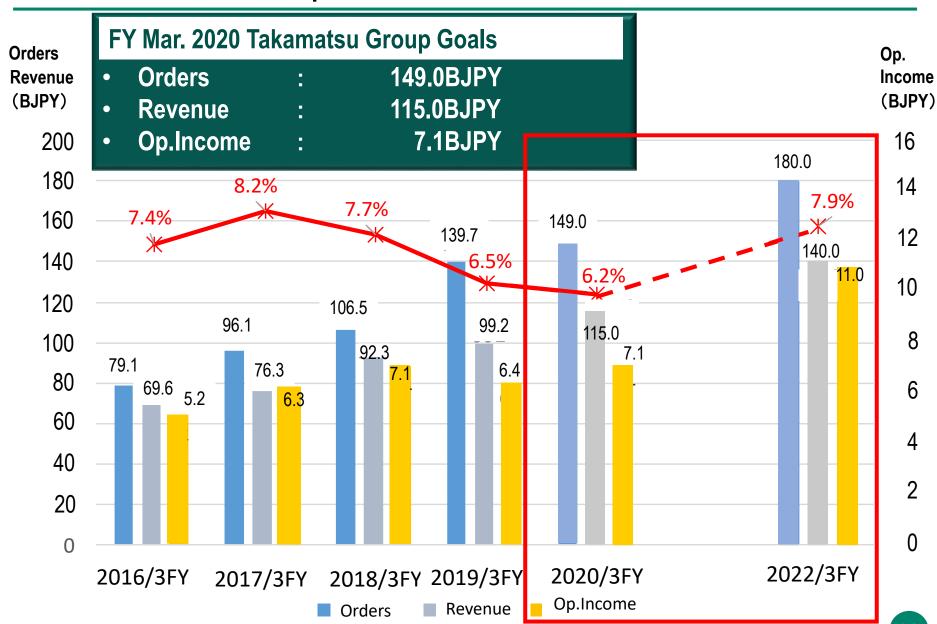
• Residential: 49.8BJPY (45.3%)

Non-residential: 60.2BJPY (54.7%)



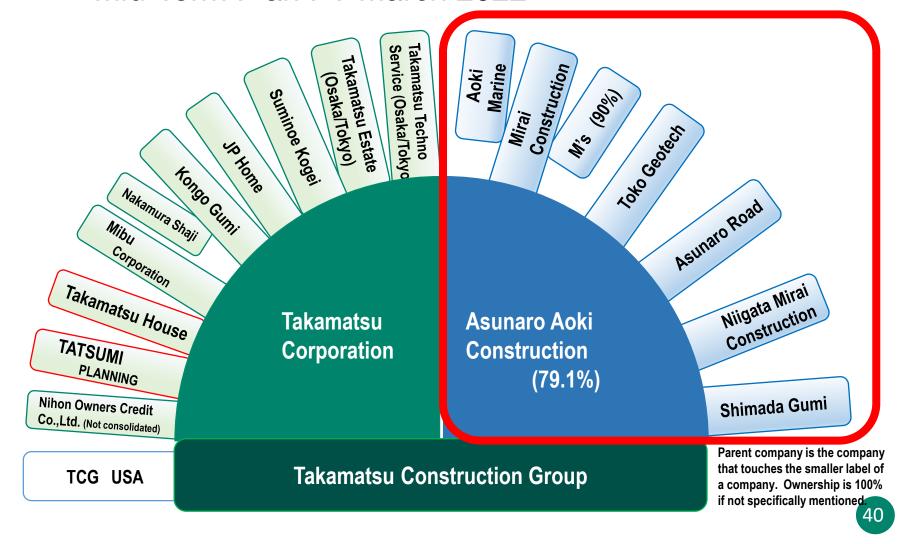


2-2-10. Takamatsu Group: Mid term Plan Goals



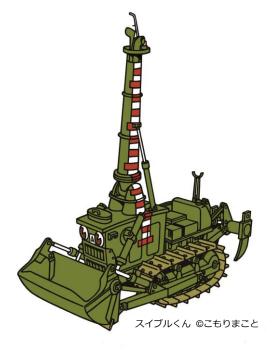


3. Asunaro Aoki Construction Group Results for FY March 2019 Outlook for FY March 2020 Mid-Term Plan FY March 2022





FY Mar. 2019 Financial Results & FY Mar. 2020 Business Plan



Asunaro Aoki Construction Co., Ltd. Securities Code: 1865 May 29, 2019

Contents

- ☐ FY Mar. 2019 Financial Results (Consolidated)
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- ☐ FY Mar. 2020 Business Plan
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Mid Term Plan

30-42

FY Mar. 2019 Financial Results (Consolidated)

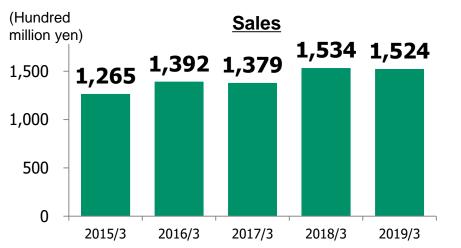
Our group of companies

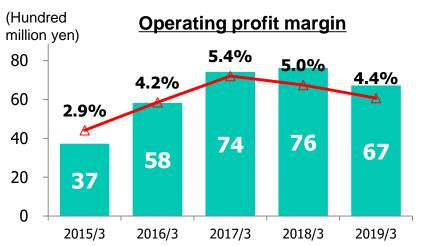
Our group of companies is comprised of <u>Asunaro Aoki Construction Co., Ltd. and eight other group companies</u>. Our business is mainly in <u>construction and real estate.</u>

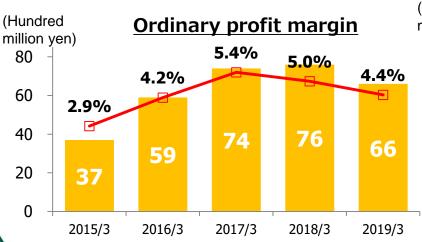
	Architecture	Civil engineering	Real estate	Main business area
Our company	Asu	naro Aoki Construction Co.	, Ltd.	Japan
	Mirai Construct			Japan
		Toko Geotech Co., Ltd.		Japan
	Aoki Marine Co., Ltd.		Japan	
	Asunaro Road Co.,		Hokkaido	
Subsidiaries	M's Co., Ltd.	Ltd.		Tokyo area
	iii 3 00., Ltd.	Niigata Mirai Co., Ltd.		Niigata Prefecture
		Shimada Gumi Co., Ltd.		Japan
		Access Co., Ltd.		Kansai area

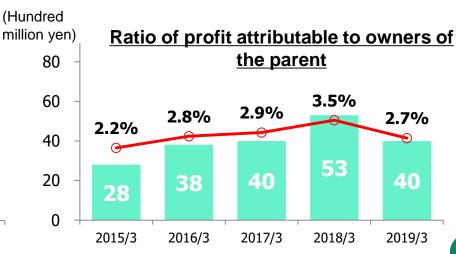
Performance overview (consolidated)

Our sales <u>decreased</u> year-on-year from the new record high set last fiscal year, as did operating profit, ordinary profit, and profit attributable to owners of the parent which had also reached new record highs last fiscal year.





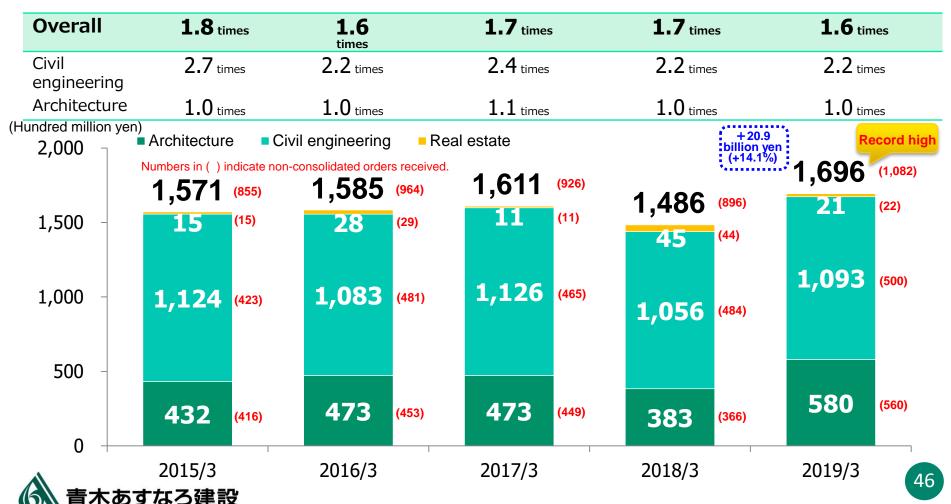




Orders received (consolidated)

Architecture <u>increased</u> as orders were received in non-residential business including large distribution facility and government building projects, and in (residential) Private Finance Initiative (PFI) projects. Civil engineering <u>increased</u> as orders were received for base projects such as for railroads and roads and in renewable energy projects including mega solar. Overall, orders <u>increased by 20.9 billion yen (+14.1%)</u> year-on-year <u>and established a new record high</u>.

Consolidated/non-consolidated orders received ratio

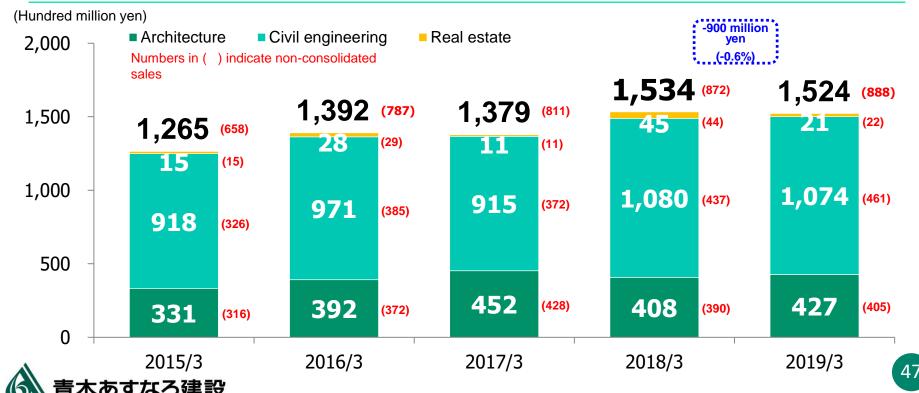


Sales (consolidated)

Sales revenue in architecture increased as current projects progressed smoothly, among other factors. In civil engineering current projects progressed smoothly, but sales decreased as some group companies were unable to get more orders for projects during the fiscal year. Overall, sales decreased by 900 million yen (-0.6%) year-on-year.

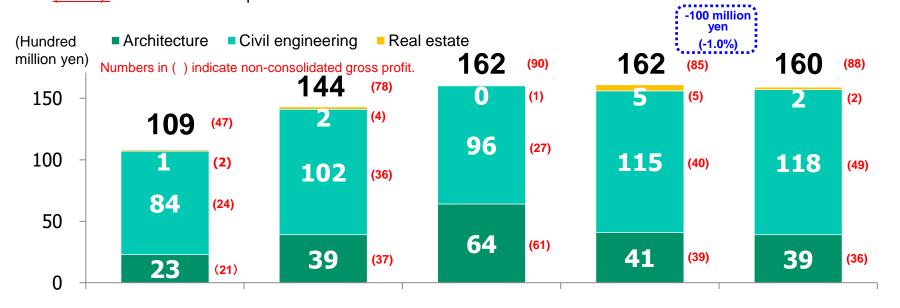
Consolidated/non-consolidated sales ratio

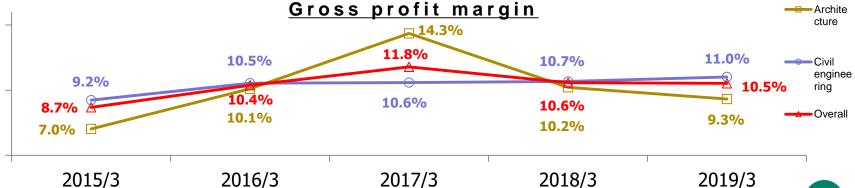
Total	1.9 times	1.8 times	1.7 times	1.8 times	1.7 times
Civil engineering	2.8 times	2.5 times	2.5 times	2.5 times	2.3 times
Architecture	1.0 times	1.1 times	1.1 times	1.0 times	1.1 times



Gross profit (consolidated)

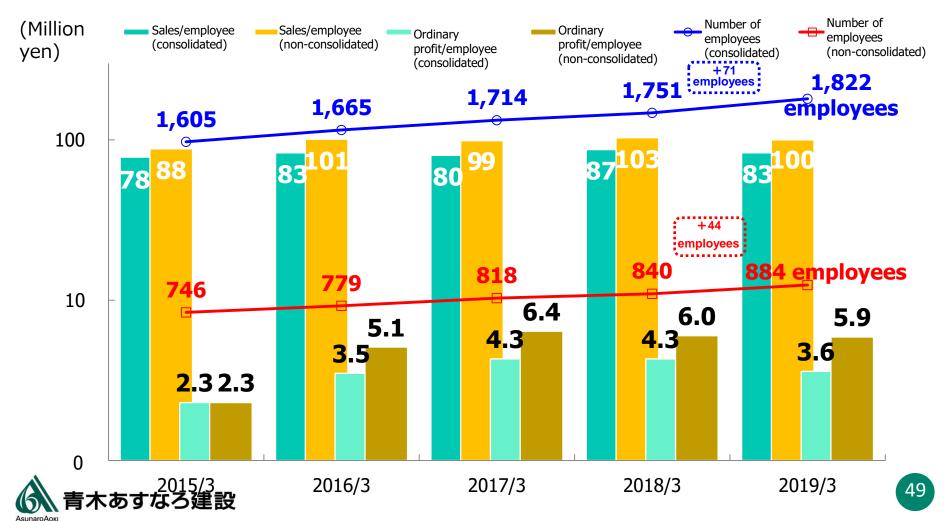
In architecture, gross profit <u>decreased</u> due to decreased profit margin resulting from less highly profitable projects, while gross profit in civil engineering <u>increased</u> as our overall sales increase and progress in highly profitable projects overcame effects from low-profitability projects at group companies. Overall, gross profit <u>decreased by 100 million yen</u> (-1.0%) due to effects from poor sales of our condominiums.





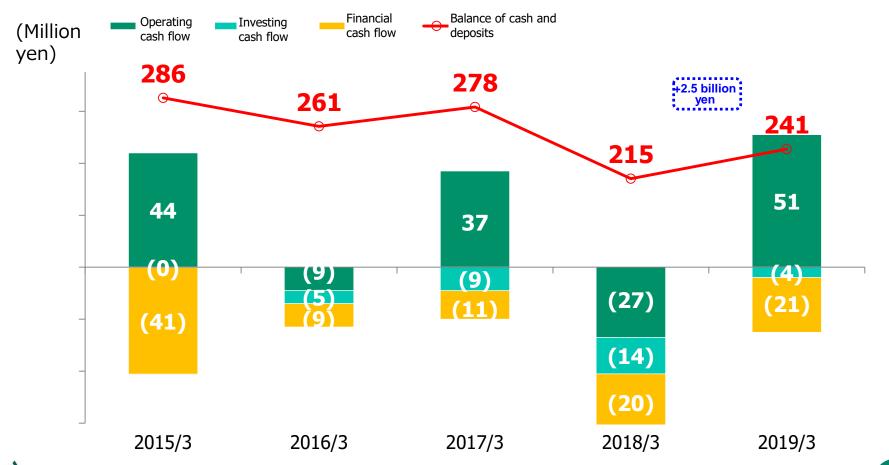
Number of employees and productivity

The number of employees at the end of the fiscal year was trending upwards due to ongoing new graduate hiring and similar efforts. Consolidated ordinary profit per employee decreased year-on-year as higher general and administrative costs from improved working conditions and larger numbers of staff could not be fully absorbed.



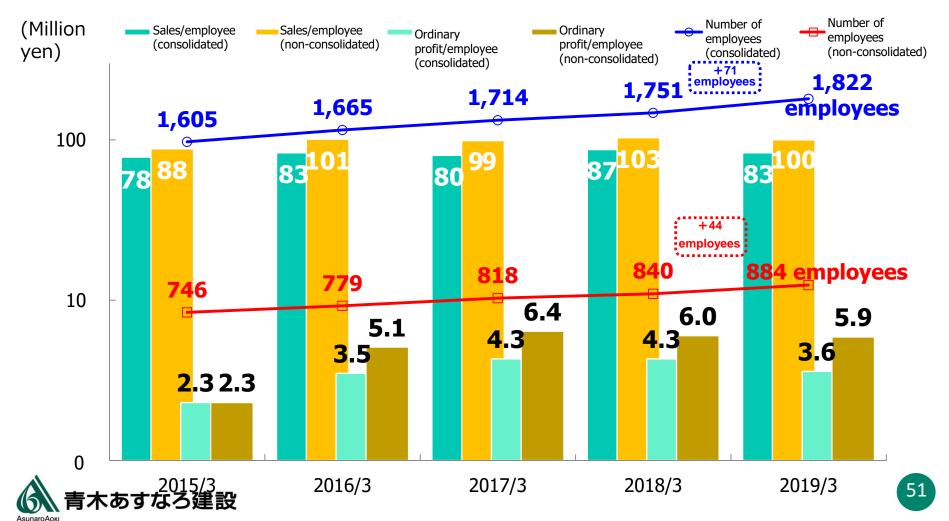
Cash flow (consolidated)

Cash flows from operating activities balanced out to a net cash inflow of 5.1 billion yen due to factors such as net income before taxes and other adjustments. Cash flows from investing activities recorded a net cash outflow of 400 million yen due to acquisitions of tangible assets. Cash flows from financing activities recorded a net cash outflow of 2.1 billion yen due to payments of dividends, acquisition of treasury shares, etc. This resulted in an overall year-on-year increase of 2.5 billion yen in the balance of cash and deposits.



Number of employees and productivity

The number of employees at the end of the fiscal year was trending upwards due to ongoing new graduate hiring and similar efforts. Consolidated ordinary profit per employee decreased year-on-year as higher general and administrative costs from improved working conditions and larger numbers of staff could not be fully absorbed.



Balance sheet (consolidated)

(Rounded down to the nearest hundred million yen)

Current ratio: 200% or more	2018/3	2019/3	+/-
Current assets	942	964	22
Cash and deposits	215	241	25
Notes receivable, accounts receivable from completed projects, other	617	625	8
Real estate for sale	29	18	(11)
Costs from projects in progress	1	4	3
Costs from real estate business	6	_	(6)
Accounts receivable	64	64	0
Other	9	9	0
Allowance for doubtful accounts	(2)	(1)	1
Noncurrent assets	145	138	(6)
Tangible assets	68	63	(5)
Intangible assets	3	3	(0)
Investments and other assets	72	71	(1)
Investment securities	40	41	1
Deferred tax assets	24	22	(2)
Long-term accounts receivable	0	0	(0)
Other	9	8	(0)
Allowance for doubtful accounts	(2)	(2)	0
Total assets	1,087	1,102	15

	_		(Hundred m	nillion yen)
	Zero notes payable balance	2018/3	2019/3	+/-
Current liabilities		345	341	(4)
Accounts payable fo contracts	r construction	233	208	(24)
Advances received of construction contract		36	68	32
Provision for bonuse		15	15	0
Other	Zero loan balance	61	48	(12)
Noncurrent liabilities		89	86	(2)
Retirement allowance	82	80	(2)	
Other	6	6	(0)	
Total liabilities	434	428	(6)	
Shareholders' equity		648	669	21
Capital		50	50	_
Capital surplus		237	237	_
Retained earnings		387	415	28
Treasury shares		(26)	(34)	(7)
Total accumulated oth comprehensive incom		3	4	0
Non-controlling intere	0	0	0	
Total net assets	652	674	21	
Equity ratio		60.0%	61.1%	1.1pt
Total liabilities and ne	1,087	1,102	15	



Mirai Construction Co., Ltd.

Main business areas: Offshore construction, port construction, civil engineering, building construction



Construction zone #13 for new passenger boat wharf, quay, and parking area, etc.



Nakagusuku Bay Port sediment disposal zone embankment construction



Kawaragi District channel anchorage dredging project at Hattaro, Port of Hachinohe (Hundred million yen)

	2015/3	2016/3	2017/3	2018/3	201	.9/3
	Actual	Actual	Actual	Actual	Actual	Change %
Orders received	403	306	371	272	291	6.8%
Sales	288	297	263	336	313	(6.7%)
Operating profit	8	10	11	12	6	(48.2%)
Ordinary profit	8	10	11	12	6	(49.1%)
Net income	7	12	8	15	4	(71.7%)
Employees at year end	272	289	306	310	324	

Group company performance (2)



Toko Geotech Co., Ltd.

Main business areas: Construction for slope protection and ground improvement, blasting, heat retention and fire resistance



Construction at Tsuru Land Restoration Zone (Slope protection)



Haneda Airport land infrastructure development construction (Foundation improvement)



Koishiwaragawa Dam construction (Blasting)



Hofu Biomass Power Plant construction (Heat retention, fire resistance)

(Hundred million yen)

	2015/3	2016/3	2017/3	2018/3	201	.9/3
	Actual	Actual	Actual	Actual	Actual	Change%
Orders received	210	218	218	226	223	(1.3%)
Sales	212	214	208	222	221	(0.4%)
Operating profit	13	13	13	15	17	9.5%
Ordinary profit	13	13	12	15	17	9.7%
Net income	7	6	8	9	14	45.7%
Employees at year end	378	386	392	396	390	

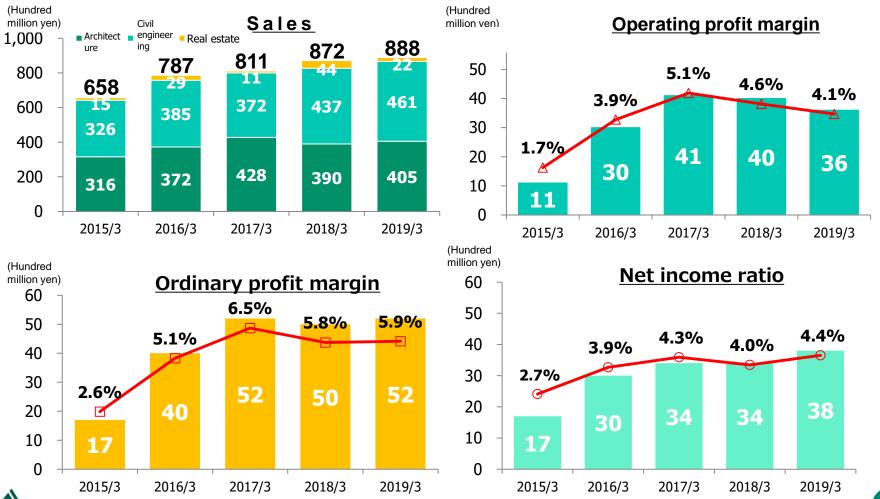
Other group companies

Company	Head office location	Main business areas	2019/3 sales	Number of employees (end March 2019)	
Shimada Gumi Co., Ltd. Access Co., Ltd.	Yao, Osaka Pref.	Archaeological excavations, civil engineering	37 hundred million yen	101	
Aoki Marine Co., Ltd.	Higashinada Ward, Kobe	Landfills, dredging, sea transport	31 hundred million yen	59	
M's Co., Ltd.	Chuo Ward, Tokyo	Architectural renovation	24 hundred million yen	29	
Asunaro Road Co., Ltd.	Chuo Ward, Sapporo	Road construction, paving, civil engineering, asphalt sales	20 hundred million yen	26	
Niigata Mirai Co., Ltd.	Yuzawa, Minamiuonu ma County, Niigata Pref.	Road construction, paving, civil engineering, asphalt sales	7 hundred million yen	9	

FY Mar. 2019 Financial Results (Non-Consolidated)

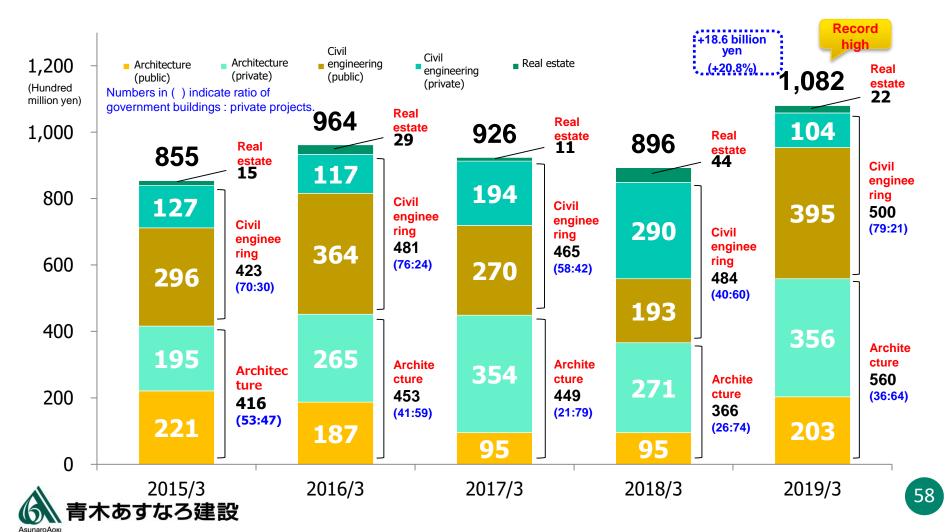
Performance overview (non-consolidated)

Sales increased for the seventh consecutive fiscal year. Operating profit decreased year-on-year due to lower gross profit margin resulting from less highly profitable projects in architecture, poor sales of our condominiums, rising general and administrative costs from improvements to working conditions and larger numbers of staff, and other factors. Ordinary profit increased year-on-year due to increased dividend income.

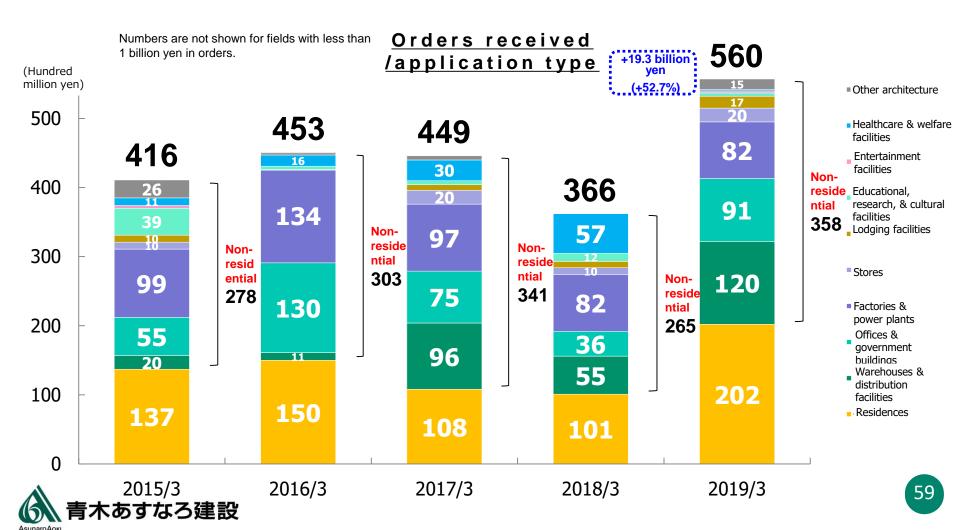


木あすなろ建設

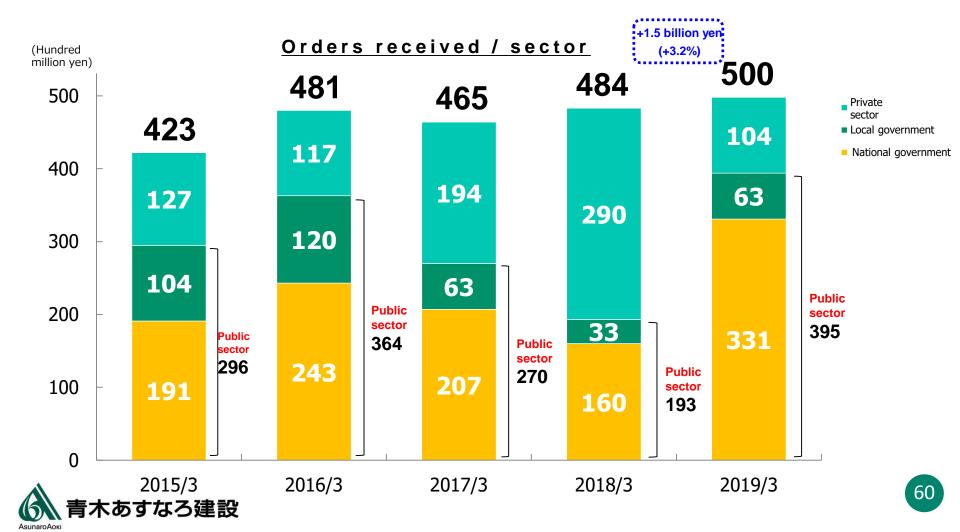
■ Orders in architecture overall <u>increased by 19.3 billion yen (+52.7%)</u> year-on-year due to <u>increases</u> for both public and private sector projects. Private sector orders in civil engineering <u>decreased</u> due to fallback to normal levels after orders received the previous fiscal year for major renewable energy-related projects, but public sector orders <u>increased</u> with both national and local agencies, and civil engineering overall thus experienced a year-on-year <u>increase in orders of 1.5 billion yen (+3.2%)</u>. Overall, orders <u>increased 18.6 billion yen (+20.8%)</u> year-on-year, <u>setting a new record high</u>.



Orders <u>increased</u> in non-residential due to increases in orders for warehouses and distribution facilities and for orders such as government buildings. Orders in residential <u>increased</u> due to increases in orders for government-owned housing (including PFI), private condominiums, etc. Overall, orders received in architecture <u>increased by 19.3 billion yen (+52.7%)</u> year-on-year.



Orders in the private sector <u>decreased</u> due to fallback to normal levels after orders received the previous fiscal year for major renewable energy-related works, but orders from the public sector <u>increased</u> due to more orders received from national agencies for railroads and roads (tunnels, bridge supports, etc.). Overall, orders received in civil engineering <u>increased by 1.5 billion yen (+3.2%)</u> year-on-year, <u>setting a new record high</u>.



Real estate sales (non-consolidated)

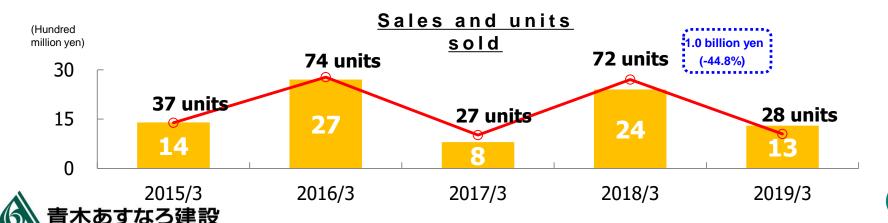
■ The <u>ABDS (pronounced "Abidas")</u> business to support everything from land acquisition to planning & design, construction, sales, and after-sales service <u>for our condominiums</u> was launched in FY2012. The Tissage brand also began sales in 2018.

Condo complexes available for sale (as of the end of May 2019)

Name of complex	Location	Total units
ABDS Nishikokubunji	Kokubunji City, Tokyo	27
Tissage Ogikubo	Suginami-Ku, Tokyo	37

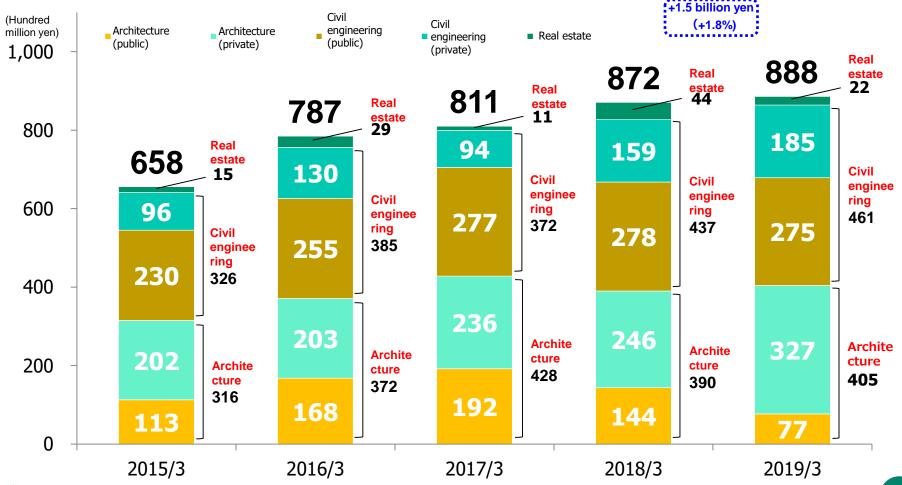






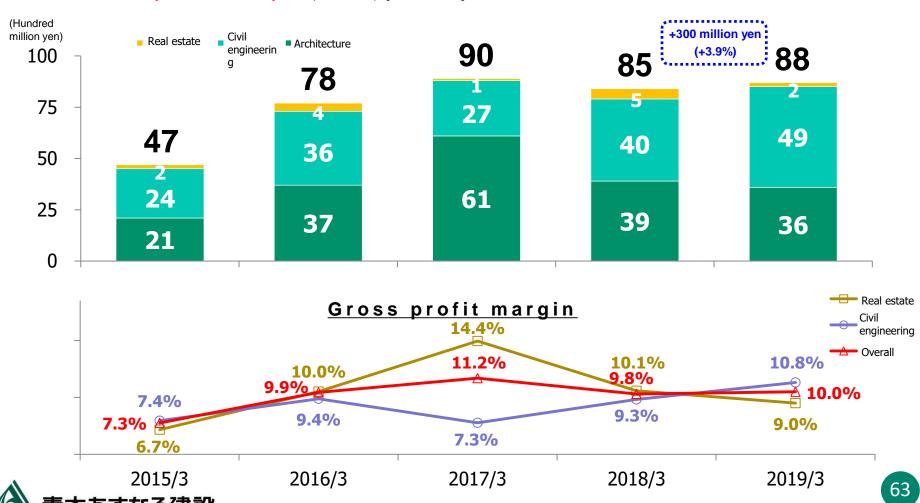
Sales (non-consolidated)

Sales <u>increased</u> as current projects progressed smoothly in both architecture and civil engineering. Overall, sales <u>increased by 1.5 billion yen (+1.8%)</u>, which was the <u>seventh consecutive year</u> of increases.

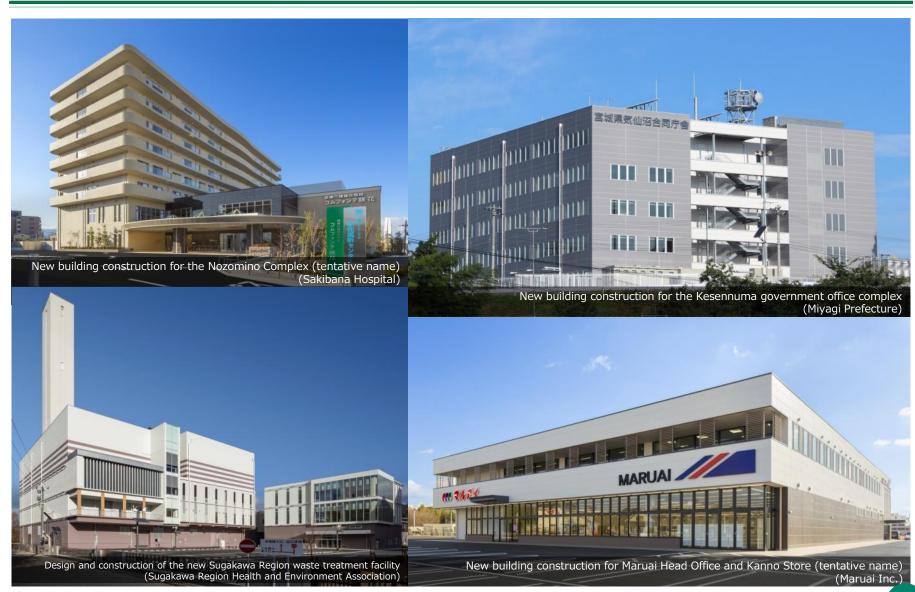


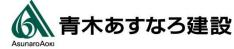
Gross profit (non-consolidated)

■ Gross profit <u>decreased</u> in architecture due to lower profit margins resulting from a decrease in highly profitable projects, but <u>increased</u> in civil engineering due to increased sales and better profit margins resulting from progress in highly profitable projects. Overall gross profit <u>increased by 300 million yen (+3.9%)</u> year-on-year.



Major projects completed (architectural works)





Major projects completed (civil engineering works)



FY Mar. 2020 Business Plan

Overall performance

- Orders received are forecasted to <u>decrease</u> on both a consolidated and non-consolidated basis as the completion of current projects is prioritized.
- Sales are forecast to <u>increase (revenue increase)</u> on a consolidated and non-consolidated basis due to progress in current projects, efficient operations, and other factors.
- Profits are forecast to <u>increase (profit increase)</u> on both a consolidated and non-consolidated basis due to improved gross profit margin and increased sales.

	Consolidated				Non-	consolid	ated			
	2019/3		2020	/3		2019/3		202	0/3	
	Actual	Mid term plan	Forecast	% change year- on-year	% differential Ifrom mid term plan	Actual	Mid term plan	Forecast	% change year- on-year	% differential from mid term plan
Orders received	1,696 Hundred million yen	1,610 Hundred million yen	1,610 Hundred million yen	(5.1 <u>)</u>	- %	1,082 Hundred million yen	960 Hundred million yen	960 Hundred million yen	(11.3)	- %
Sales	1,524 Hundred million yen	1,550 Hundred million yen	1,550 Hundred million yen	+ 1.7	- %	888 Hundred million yen	920 Hundred million yen	920 Hundred million yen	+3.5	- %
Operating profit	67 Hundred million yen	72 Hundred million yen	72 Hundred million yen	+ 7.4	- %	36 Hundred million yen	40 Hundred million yen	40 Hundred million yen	+ 9.2	- %
Operating profit margin	4.4 %	4.6	4.6	+0.2 pt	- %	4.1 %	4.3	4.3	+0.2 pt	- %
Ordinary profit	66 Hundred million yen	72 Hundred million yen	72 Hundred million yen	+8.3	- %	52 Hundred million yen	52 Hundred million yen	52 Hundred million yen	(0.6)	- %
Net profit for the fiscal year	40 Hundred million yen	48 Hundred million yen	48 Hundred million yen	+ 17.3	- %	38 Hundred million yen	39 Hundred million yen	39 Hundred million yen	+ 0.4	<u>_</u> %

Performance forecast by segment (consolidated)

(Hundred million yen)

	2019/3 Actual
Orders received	169,601
Architecture	58,099
Civil engineering	109,303
Real estate	2,198
Sales	152,452
Architecture	42,784
Civil engineering	107,469
Real estate	2,198
Gross profit	16,048
	*10.5%
Architecture	3,990
	*9.3%
Civil engineering	11,840
	*11.0%
Real estate	217
	*9.9 _%

2020/3				
Forecast	% change year- on-year			
161,000	(5.1%)			
50,500	(13.1%)			
110,500	+1.1%			
_	(100.0%)			
155,000	+1.7%			
47,000	+9.9%			
108,000	+0.5%			
_	(100.0%)			
17,000	+5.9%			
*11.0%	*+ 0.4 _{pt}			
4,800	+20.3 _%			
*10.2%	*+0.9 _{pt}			
12,200	+3.0%			
*11.3%	*+0.3 _{pt}			
 * _%	(100.0 _%) *(9.9 _{pt})			

(Hundred million yen)

	2019/3 Actual
Orders received	108,278
Architecture	56,023
Civil engineering	50,039
Real estate	2,215
Sales	88,866
Architecture	40,549
Civil engineering	46,102
Real estate	2,215
Gross profit	8,875
	*10.0%
Architecture	3,649
	*9.0%
Civil engineering	4,981
	*10.8%
Real estate	245
	*11.1%

2020/3				
Forecast	% change year- on-year			
96,000	(11.3%)			
48,000	(14.3 _%)			
48,000	(4.1%)			
_	(100.0%)			
92,000	+3.5%			
45,000	+11.0%			
47,000	+1.9%			
_	(100.0%)			
9,400	+5.9%			
*10.2%	*+ 0.2 _{pt}			
4,500	+23.3%			
*10.0%	*+1.0 _{pt.}			
4,900	(1.6%)			
10.4%	(0.4_{pt})			
_	(100.0%)			
*%	*(11.1 _{pt})			

Business indexes

	2015/3 Actual	2016/3 Actual	2017/3 Actual	2018/3 Actual	2019/3 Actual
Dividend per share	15.0 yen	18.0 yen	20.0 yen	22.0 yen	24.0 yen
Payout ratio (consolidated)	31.9	26.2 %	27.7 %	22.9 %	32.3 %
ROE (consolidated)	5.1 %	6.8 %	6.8 %	8.4 %	6.2 %
Operating profit margin (consolidated)	2.9 %	4.2 %	5.4 %	5.0 %	4.4 %
Capital adequacy ratio (consolidated)	56.4 %	60.0 %	56.8 %	60.0 %	61.1
Number of employees (consolidated)	1,605	1,665	1,714	1,751	1,822

2020/3 Forecast	
24.0 yen	
27.3	
6.0 % range	
4.6	
60.0 % range	
just above 1,800	

Basic policy on profit sharing

We consider shareholder returns to be a key management issue. Our policy is to strive to improve-shareholders' equity needed in order to bolster our financial standing, while maintaining a <a href="stable-



Mid Term Plan

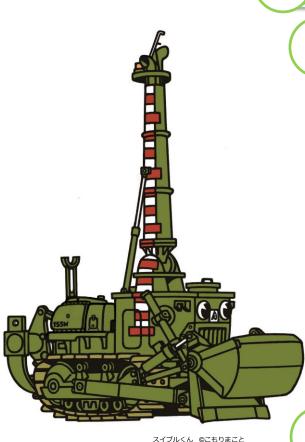
Adapt to our surroundings and aim for sustainable growth -

Mid Term Plan

May 2019



Contents



1 Roundup of the previous mid term plan

- Recognizing our surroundings and key points going forward
 - Basic policy & basic strategy, keywords
 - Priority measures and initiatives to improve productivity
 - 5 Strategies to enhance business capabilities
 - Business strategies of group companies
 - 7 ESG and work style improvement initiatives
- 8 Business goals (numerical targets)
- 9 Capital policy

1. Roundup of the previous mid term plan

- Achievements and challenges in the previous mid term plan
 - (1) Orders received, sales Orders were received in well-balanced fashion between base projects such as railroads and roads, renewable energy projects such as mega solar facilities, non-residential projects such as large distribution facilities and government buildings, and Private Finance Initiative projects. Challenges were expanding earthquake-resistance business and sales strategy for our condominiums.
 - (2) Operating profit Consolidated operating profit reached a new record high in FY2017 but it decreased in FY2018 due to a decline in gross profit margin from fewer highly profitable projects in our architecture department, poor sales of our condominiums resulting from a slump in the apartment/condominium market, rising general and administrative costs due to improved working conditions and increased numbers of staff, and effects from low-profitability projects at group companies.

■ Consolidated performance by fiscal year

	2018/3 Mid term plan	2018/3 Actual	% difference from plan	2019/3 Mid term plan	2019/3 Actual	% difference from plan
Orders received	1,540 hundred million yen	1,486 hundred million yen	(3.5)	1,600 hundred million yen	1,696 hundred million yen	+6.0
Sales	1,500 hundred million yen	1,534 hundred million yen	+2.3	1,560 hundred million yen	1,524 hundred million yen	(2.3)
Operating profit	70 hundred million yen	76 hundred million yen	+9.5	77 hundred million yen	67 hundred million yen	(13.0)
Operating profit margin	4.7	5.0 %	+0.3	4.9	4.4 %	(0.5)

Positive factors

Recognizing our surroundings

Investments for building infrastructure are continuing for now

- More social infrastructure updates
- Promoting "National Resilience" measures
- · Growth of the renovations market
- Technological innovations such as Al and robots

- Less new construction projects
- Less construction workers
- Less households overall
- Economic contraction from declining population
- Post-Olympic economic uncertainty

Key points

- Our own proprietary technology for disaster prevention and mitigation construction
- Extensive track record in renewable energy-related construction
- Industry-academia collaborative joint research
- Our performance in public sector construction where we have competitive advantage

- · i-Construction must progress quickly
- · On-site engineers still stretched too thin
- Productivity improvement is absolutely essential
- Work style improvement initiatives are essential

3. Basic policy & basic strategy, keywords

Basic policy

Outside-the-box thinking and strong fundamentals –
 Adapt to our surroundings and aim for sustainable growth

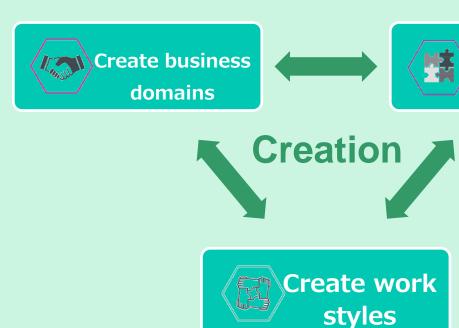
Basic strategy

- ☐ Further bolster efforts toward renovation-related projects
- Get more projects and expand in private non-residential and private civil engineering
- Develop the next new business after ABDS
- □ Advance into new business (contract) categories (PFI, EPC, etc.)

3. Basic policy & basic strategy, keywords



Adapt to our surroundings and aim for sustainable growth





Outside-the-box thinking and strong fundamentals

Create unique

technologies

4. Priority measures and initiatives to improve productivity

- **□** Bolster efforts in transportation infrastructure
- Enter the market in earthquake-resistance, and in public facilities management utilizing Public Private Partnership and Private Finance Initiative business
- Bolster efforts in construction, including replacements, for wind power generation, micro-hydroelectric power generation, and mega solar
- Develop and bolster business that utilizes real estate
- □ Achieve at least an 80% rate of 8 days of facilities not in operation every four weeks, and 100% rate of 8 days off every four weeks for individuals

- ☐ Improve productivity by embracing and actively implementing ICT, BIM, CIM, and AI technologies
- Boost cost competitiveness through collaborative and cooperative efforts with partner companies
- □ Pursue thorough compliance and strengthen corporate governance
- ☐ Bolster efforts that take ESG, SDGs, and capital cost into consideration



5. Strategies to enhance business capabilities

Construction business



PFI business in Yokosuka



Using BIM model data for construction (VR model room)

- ☐ Enhance precision and productivity in construction by expanding our use of BIM and CIM
- Boost productivity through AI, ICT, work done by robots, etc.
- Strengthen relationships with partner companies by employing the MEISTER System, etc.
- ☐ Advance into new business (contract) categories such as PFI and EPC

Other



And Hostel Kanda

- □ Working through ABDS to secure land sites near stations in Tokyo, etc.
- Working on real estate renovation projects such as hostels

6. Business strategies of group companies

Mirai Construction



- Engage in "National Resilience" and maintenance and repair, bolster technological capability
- Embrace business use of i-Construction
- Bolster efforts toward new offshore energy

Toko Geotech



- ☐ Develop next generation construction methods that the market desires
- ☐ Build community-based sales systems
- Add more automation, mechanization, and use of robots in construction work

Other group companies

Aoki Marine

■ Ensure the vessels they own are in operation to ensure profitability

Asunaro Road

Utilize ICT technologies and improve productivity

M's

Boost proposal capabilities in conversion business

Niigata Mirai

☐ Boost construction capabilities in civil engineering projects

Shimada Gumi

Strengthen business base in Kanto and Kyushu

7. ESG and work style improvement initiatives

ESG & SDGs



Renewable energy-related construction projects

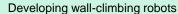


Hands-on learning for children during summer vacation

- ☐ Measures to counter global warming: Bolster efforts toward renewable energy-related construction projects, etc.
- Social contributions: Facility tours and handson learning with construction technology for preschool and school age children, etc.
- Governance: Improve the effectiveness of the Board of Directors and strengthen governance, etc.

Work Style Improvements







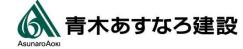
Safety patrols by female employees

- ☐ Improve productivity through the use of ICT, AI, unitization, robot construction, etc.
- □ Achieve at least an 80% rate of 8 days of facilities not in operation every four weeks, and 100% rate of 8 days off every four weeks for individuals by March 2022
- Designate Wednesday and Friday every week as "No Overtime Work Days"
- Promote the advancement of women

8. Business goals (numerical targets)

	Non-consolidated				
	2020/3	2022/3			
Orders received	960 Hundred million yen	1,020 Hundred million yen			
Sales	920 Hundred million yen	950 Hundred million yen			
Operating profit	40 Hundred million yen	45 Hundred million yen			
Operating profit margin	4.3	4.7			
Ordinary profit	52 Hundred million yen	57 Hundred million yen			
Net profit for the fiscal year	39 Hundred million yen	42 Hundred million yen			
Sales by segment	Civil engineering 47 billion yen	Real estate 2.5 billion yen Civil engineering 47.5 billion yen Architecture 45 billion yen			

Consolidated				
2020/3	2022/3			
1,610 Hundred million yen	1,700 Hundred million yen			
1,550 Hundred million yen	1,600 Hundred million yen			
72 Hundred million yen	80 Hundred million yen			
4.6	5.0			
72 Hundred million yen	80 Hundred million yen			
48 Hundred million yen	50 Hundred million yen			
	Real estate 2.5 billion yen			
Civil 47 billion yen engineering 108 billion yen	Civil 47.5 billion			



9. Capital Policy

■ Basic policy on profit sharing

We consider shareholder returns to be a key management issue. Our policy is to strive to <u>improve shareholders' equity needed</u> to bolster our financial standing, while maintaining a <u>stable dividend</u> and providing <u>returns from our profits according to our business performance</u>.

■ Dividend by year

	2016/3 Actual	2017/3 Actual	2018/3 Actual	2019/3 Actual	2020/3 Forecast
Dividend per share	18 yen	20 yen	22 yen	24 yen	24 yen
Payout ratio (non-consolidated)	33.3	32.2	35.5	34.0	33.6
Payout ratio (consolidated)	26.2	27.7 %	22.9	32.3	27.3 _%